



DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

M.Com SYLLABUS

(REGULATION 2019)

M.COM PROGRAMME

The students of commerce today occupy key position both in public and private sector. They are able to make plan for the promotion and development of industry. The aim of the M.Com programme is to produce professional managers, accountants and innovative businessmen. M.Com programme requires advanced commercial knowledge and understanding of Corporate Accounting, Human Resource Management, Financial Management, Globalization Aspects etc. the post graduate students in commerce are able to prove themselvesas a good manager and have a creative and helpful in problem solving.

Students of Commerce should possess knowledge power to develop new ideas and applications to latest information technology in the business and are able to implement these ideas in practice. At this backdrop, the syllabus for the M.Com programme of the **PRIST UNIVERSITY** is designed.



SCHOOL OF COMMERCE AND MANAGEMENT

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE

M.Com-REGULATION 2019

COURSE STRUCTURE

Course Code	Course Title	L	Т	С
	SEMESTER I			
19261SEC11	Marketing research and Consumer Behavior	6	0	4
19261SEC12	Human Resource management	6	0	4
19261SEC13	Services Marketing	5	0	4
19261SEC14	Advanced Cost Management	6	1	4
19261DSC15	Discipline Specific Elective - I	5	0	4
19261RLS16	Research Led Seminar	-	-	1
	Total	28	1	21
	SEMESTER – II			
19261SEC21	Quantitative Techniques For Decision Making	5	1	4
19261SEC22	Total Quality Management	5	0	4
19261SEC23	Advanced Management Accounting	5	1	4
19261SEC24	Securities Analysis and Portfolio Management	5	0	4
19261DSC25 -	Discipline Specific Elective – II	5	0	4
19261RMC26	Research Methodology	3	0	2
19261BRC27	Participation in Bounded Research	-	-	2
	Total	28	2	24
	SEMESTER - III			
19261SEC31	Project Planning and Control	5	1	5
19261SEC32	Advanced Corporate Accounting	5	2	5
19261SEC33	Investment Management	5	2	5
19261DSC34 -	Discipline Specific Elective – III	5	0	4
192 OEC35	Open Elective	4	0	3
19261SRC36	Participation in Scaffold Research (Societal Project)	-	-	2
	Total	24	5	24
	SEMESTER - IV			
19261SEC41	Income Tax Law and Tax Planning	5	2	5
19261SEC42	International Business	5	1	5
19261SEC43	Co- Operation in India and Abroad	5	1	5
19261DSC44 -	Discipline Specific Elective - IV	5	0	4
19261PRW45	Project Work	-	-	6
19261PEE	Program – Exit Examination			2

Total	20	4	27
Total Credit For the Programme	-	-	96

DISCIPLINE SPECIFIC ELECTIVE COURSES

SEMESTER	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	
Ι	19261DSC15A	Strategic Management	
	19261DSC15B	Organizational Behaviour	
II	19261DSC25A	Corporate Legal Frame Work	
	19261DSC25B	Retail Management	
III	19261DSC34A	Indian Financial System	
	19261DSC34B	International Marketing	
IV	19261DSC44A	Information Technology and Computer	
		Applications	
	19261DSC44B	International Financial Management	

Open Electives

Semester	Open Elective Courses
	a) 19211OEC-Writing for the media
	b) 19212OEC-Applicable Mathematics Techniques
	c) 19213OEC-Bio-medical Instrumentation
III	d) 19214OEC-Green Chemistry
	e) 19215OEC-Herbal Medicine
	f) 192200EC-M-Marketing
	g) 19280OEC-Counselling Psychology

M.Com Credit Distribution

Semester	SEC	DSC	OEC	Research	Others	Total
Ι	16	04	-	01	-	21
II	16	04	-	04	-	24
III	15	04	03	02	-	24
IV	15	04	-	06	02	27
Total	62	16	03	13	02	96

OUTCOMES:

• Be critical of creative scholars.

- To become effective global citizens.
- Understanding across a broad range of business and commerce disciplines.
- Have knowledge of applications commerce concepts principles.
- Ethical, Social and Professional Understanding.
- Effective communication.

Course Code	Course Title	OUT COMES
	SEMESTER I	
19261SEC11	Marketing research and Consumer Behavior	The course helped the students to understand Marketing Research and Consumer Behaviour.
19261SEC12	Human Resource management	The students provided basic knowledge of human resource management and its importance in the working of Organization.
19261SEC13	Services Marketing	The course helped the students to identify the different types of services and their marketability.
19261SEC14	Advanced Cost Management	The course helped the students to gain expert knowledge in Cost Management.
19261DSC15	Discipline Specific Elective - I	The course helped the students to gain knowledge in corporate strategy formulation andSWOT analysis.
19261RLS16	Research Led Seminar	The course helped the students to learn about the Organizational Behaviour in depth.
	SEMESTER – II	
19261SEC21	Quantitative Techniques For Decision Making	The course helped the students to understand important quantitative techniques and their applications in solving business problems.
19261SEC22	Total Quality Management	 To realize the importance of significance of quality Manage quality improvement teams Identify requirements of quality improvement programs
19261SEC23	Advanced Management Accounting	The courses guided the students in taking vital managerial decisions by using theavailable tools to the maximum efficiency of the business
19261SEC24	Securities Analysis and Portfolio Management	The course helped the students to developing an understanding of the changing domestic and global investment scenario in general and Indian capital market in particular with reference to availability of various financial products and operations of stock exchanges
19261DSC25 -	Discipline Specific Elective – II	The students are now familiarized

		with the principles of legal and regulatory frame work of corporate business.
19261RMC26	Research Methodology	Ability to develop research questions and the various research strategies, and compileresearch results in terms of journal manuscripts.
19261BRC27	Participation in Bounded Research	Upon completion of this course, it will enable students to develop decision making skills related to retailing, define retailing, understand what marketing means to business executives and academics, understand the ways that retailers use marketing tools and techniques to interact with their customers.
19261SEC31	SEMESTER - III Project Planning and Control	The course helped the students to learn the issues relating to project management and control.
19261SEC32	Advanced Corporate Accounting	The course helped the students to gain expert knowledge in Advanced Corporate Accounting.
19261SEC33	Investment Management	The Course helped the students to understand the overall functioning of Indian financial system
19261DSC34 -	Discipline Specific Elective – III	The Course helped the students to understand the overall functioning of Indian financial system.
192 OEC35	Open Elective	The course helped the students to learn the importance of International Marketing and therole of exporting assisting Institutions.
19261SRC36	Participation in Scaffold Research (Societal Project)	The course helped the students to learn the importance of International Marketing and therole of exporting assisting Institutions.
	SEMESTER - IV	
19261SEC41	Income Tax Law and Tax Planning	The course helped the students to know how to compute Income of an individual under various heads and to reduce the tax burden through ideal tax planning schemes.

19261SEC42	International Business	The course helped the students to learn the importance of Global Business and the functioning of Multinational Corporation.
19261SEC43	Co- Operation in India and Abroad	The course helped the students to learn the basic principles of co- operation and their applications in India and Abroad.
19261DSC44 -	Discipline Specific Elective - IV	The course helped the students to understand the broad nature of application of Information Technology.
19261PRW45	Project Work	The course helped the students to learn the basic principles of Project

PRIST UNIVERSITY, THANJAVUR M.COM

COURSE TITLE

Marketing Research and Consumer Behavior

AIM

• To plan for Marketing Research and to predict the behaviour of a consumer at the market place.

OBJECTIVES

- I. To ascertain Marketing Research aids and their impacts.
- II. To plan for a new product pricing, marketing policy and strategy.
- III. To identify the different types of consumers and their behaviour.

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{I}$

Introduction: Marketing research – An Introduction – Problem, discovery and formulation – Marketing research process- Scientific method – Research design – experimental design. UNIT – II

Data Collection and Data analysis: primary data – secondary data collection – Server method and its administration – Questionnaire design- Attitude measurement and scaling techniques observation method-Sampling concepts – Selecting a sample – processing of collected dataTabulation of data –Data analysis and interpretation- Presentation of Research project

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{III}$

Product Research – Advertising Research - Motivation Research - Sales control Research - Ethical issues in Marketing Research – Future of marketing Research.

Employability

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{IV}$

Consumer Behaviour: Introduction of Consumer Behaviour – Consumer Research – Family – Women Consumers – Rural Consumers – Special Area Consumers market segmentation-Consumers needs and Motivation – Consumer Personality – ConsumerPerception- the process of learning Consumer Behaviour.

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{V}$

The nature of consumer attitudes – Models of consumer behavior – Group dynamics and consumer reference groups – Communication, Advertising and Consumer buying behavior – the family and life style marketing – Culture, Social class and consumer behavior – Consumer protection –Consumer profiling –Digital marketing

OUTCOME

The course helped the students to understand Marketing Research and Consumer Behaviour.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- Marketing Research Dr.D.D.Sharma
 Consumer Behaviour- Dr.S.L.Gupta

- Marketing Research and Consumer Behavior M.S.Raju
 Marketing Research and Consumer Behavior- Dr.DominiqueXardel
 Consumer Behaviour Sumitra Pal

PRIST UNIVERSITY, THANJAVUR M.COM COURSE TITLE

Human Resource Management

AIM

To consider the implications of diversity for the development and synthesis of specific Human Resource Policy area.

OBJECTIVES

- I. To identify the objectives of recruiting and selecting a diverse workforce as an important organizational goal.
- II. To adopt suitable performance appraisal methods, promotion policies etc.

UNIT – I

Meaning – Nature and scope, characteristics – Functions – Objectives of organization of Human Resource department – HRM- Revaluation and Development of HRM – Role Qualification and qualities of H.R.Manager –HRM- Human Resource Planning.

UNIT – II

Recruitment – Sources and Techniques of Recruitment - Selection , Placement and Induction – Interviews –Training –Principal Methods- Steps - Evaluation of Training Performance.

UNIT – III

Human Resource Development (HRD) – Management Development programmes – performance Appraisal – Counseling – Managerial Appraisal.

Employability

UNIT - IV

Promotion – Transfer – demotion and discipline – Compensation – Career Planning – Career Development – Absenteeism – Managing change – Resistance and Approaches to Organization change.

$\mathbf{UNIT}-\mathbf{V}$

Job Evaluation – Advantages and Problems of job evaluation - Wages and Salary Administration – Bonus – Fringe Benefits – Motivation and Motivation theories – Leadership – Morale – Communication – Job Satisfaction.

OUTCOME

The students provided basic knowledge of human resource management and its importance in the working of Organization.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. K.Davies Personnel and Human Resource Management.
- 2. L.M.Prasad, C.B. Memoria Human Resource Management.

- P.Subbarao Essential of Human Management and Industrial relations.
 C.S.Venkataraman and B.K.Subtava Personnal Management and Human Resources.
 Dr.L.M.Prasad Human Resource Management.

PRIST UNIVERSITY, THANJAVUR M.COM COURSE TITLE

COURS	
Services	Marketing

AIM

To focus the Organizations offering social services including health centers communication organizations, educational institutions

OBJECTIVES

- I. To study the total quality management in maintaining and improving the quality of services.
- II. To know the tourism and other service marketing activities.

UNIT – I

Introduction – Reasons for growth in service sector – Role of services in an economy – distinction between goods and services – Classification of services – Marketing Management process for Service marketing.

UNIT – II

Development of service marketing mix – Components in the mix – People –Process – Physical evidence in managing demand and supply.

UNIT – III

Managing service quality – Dimensions and measurement of service quality – gap analysis – Total Quality Management – Guidelines for managing service competition – Globalization of services- Challenges to global service marketers – Typical international services Barriers to international marketing services.

Employability

UNIT – IV

Marketing of Insurance Services – Users – Benefits – Formation of marketing mix for insurance products – Tourism – Marketing mix for tourism, Hotel – Market segmentation for hotels- Marketing mix for hotels.

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{V}$

Hospitals: Marketing of Health care- Types of Hospitals- Marketing mix for health care, Personal care: Marketing mix for personal care, Education marketing-Literacy – The concept-Marketing mix for adult, elementary, secondary and higher education.

OUTCOME

The course helped the students to identify the different types of services and their marketability.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. S.M.Jha – Services Marketing

- 2. VasanthiVenugopal- Services Marketing
- 3. B.Balaji Services Marketing Furthermore Management
- Valarie A Zeithaml- Services Marketing
 Dwayne D.Gremler Services Marketing
- 6. Mary Jo Bitner –Services Marketing
- 7. Ajay Pandit Services Marketing

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M.COM

COURSE TITLE

Advanced Cost Management

AIM

To provide information to cost management to serve as a guide for making decisions for a better future of the business.

OBJECTIVES

I. To use costing data for making decisions.

II. To learn modern cost management concepts.

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{I}$

Self-Study Unit: Cost concepts in decision making - Relevant cost - Differential cost – Incremental cost and opportunity cost – Objectives of a costing- System – Implementation of Costing system – Essentials of good costing system.

UNIT – II

Marginal costing - Distinction between Marginal Costing and Absorption Costing -

Break Even Analysis- Cost – Volume – Profit analysis – Various decisions – making problems.

UNIT – III

Costing of Service Sector - Cost units - Transport Costing- Operating Cost of Cinema

Houses – Hotel Operating Costing.

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{IV}$

Standard Costing and Variance analysis.

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{V}$

Budgetary Control – Flexible Budgets – Performance Budget – Zero based Budget.

Employability

OUTCOME

The course helped the students to gain expert knowledge in Cost Management.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. A.Murthy & S.Gurusamy Cost Accounting
- 2. Charles T. Horgrew and Geoge Foster- Cost Accounting a Managerial Emphasis
- 3. Asbish K.Bhattacharya Principles and Practice of Cost Accounting.
- 4. Dr.Radha Cost Accounting
- 5. M.Wilson Accounting for Management.

SEMESTER-I

PRIST UNIVERSITY, THANJAVUR M.COM

COURSE TITLE

Elective – I- A strategic Management

AIM

To understand the importance of strategic management in modern business.

OBJECTIVES

- I. To consider corporate strategy formulation at the business level to have competitive advantages.
- II. To study situational and SWOT analysis.
- III. To focus on strategy formulation and evaluation.

UNIT – I

Business Policy and strategic management – Conceptualization –Features of Strategy – Strategy and Tactics- Corporate, Business and Functional levels of Strategy.

UNIT – II

Environmental Scanning of Analysis - Features- Methods of Environmental analysis and Forecasting- External and Internal Environment – SWOT analysis.

UNIT – III

Corporate Appraisal- Process – Methods And Techniques used –Internal analysis-Comparative analysis – Corporate Capability.

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{IV}$

Corporate Strategy formulation- Implementation- Expansion through Integration – Vertical Integration-Diversification - Mergers - Takeovers – Acquisition – Joint venture- Divestment Strategy – Liquidation Strategy.

UNIT – V

Strategy Evaluation and Control- Strategic Control – Types –Differences Between Strategic and operational control - Evaluation for Strategic and Operational Control.

Skill development

OUTCOME

The course helped the students to gain knowledge in corporate strategy formulation and SWOT analysis.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Micheal Proter- Competitive Strategy, Competitive advantage.
- 2. Peter Drucker Management tasks, responsibilities and Practices.
- 3. Azhar kazmi Business Policy and Strategic Management.
- 4. R.N.Srivastava International Strategic Management.
- 5. P.K.Ghosh Strategic Planning and Management

SEMESTER-I

PRIST UNIVERSITY, THANJAVUR M.COM

COURSE TITLE

Elective - I – B Organizational Behaviour

AIM

To learn about the Individual and Group behaviour in an Organization.

OBJECTIVES

- I. To study the approaches and characteristics of Organizational Behaviour.
- II. To know the Leadership Styles and Leadership Theory.
- III. To highlight the importance of Motivation in an Organization.

UNIT – I

Introduction: Concept and meaning of OB - Nature of OB - Role of OB - Approaches to OB - Characteristics of OB.

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{II}$

Individual Behavior – Perception – Personality – Meaning and Definition of perception – Nature of Perception – Importance of Perception – Perception Process – Stages in the Development of Personality – Nature of Personality – Group Dynamics – Types of Groups. **UNIT – III**

Leadership – Meaning and Definitions – Nature and Characteristics of Leadership – Leadership Styles (or) Types of Leadership – Functions – Importance of Leadership – Successful Leadership – Leadership Theory.

Skill development

UNIT – IV

Authority – Elements and Characteristics – Types of Authority – Nature of Accountability – Delegation of Authority – Elements of Delegation – Principles of Delegation – Types of Delegation – Importance of Delegation.

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{V}$

Motivation – Meaning and Definition of motivation – Nature – Types – Importance of Motivation – Theories of Motivation – Features of Theory Z – Motivational Techniques – Limitations of MBO – Implementation of MBO – Job Enrichment.

OUTCOME

The course helped the students to learn about the Organizational Behaviour in depth.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 6. Micheal Proter- Competitive Strategy, Competitive advantage.
- 7. Peter Drucker Management tasks, responsibilities and Practices.
- 8. Azhar kazmi Business Policy and Strategic Management.
- 9. R.N.Srivastava International Strategic Management.
- 10. P.K.Ghosh Strategic Planning and Management

SEMESTER-II

PRIST UNIVERSITY, THANJAVUR M.COM

COURSE TITLE

Quantitative Techniques For Decisions Making

AIM

To understand Quantitative tools and their applications in business problems.

OBJECTIVES

I. To make the students to learn the various techniques of statistics used in business for taking decisions

II. To study theory of probability, testing of hypothesis and linear Programming

UNIT – I

Meaning of Quantitative Techniques – Role of Quantitative Techniques- Advantages and limitations of quantitative Techniques correlation analysis – Simple – partial and multiple, Regression analysis – Time series..

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{II}$

Probability – Elements of probability – Theorems of probability – Theoretical distributions – Binomial – Poison – Normal distribution.

UNIT – III

Definition of Hypothesis – Types of Hypothesis – Type I Error –Type II Error –t test – F test –ANOVA – Chi- Square test.

Skill development

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{IV}$

Transportation problem –Initial Basic feasible solutions by North West Corner rule Minimization method – Maximization method – Vogel's approximation method –Optimization test by Modi method –Assignment methods.

UNIT - V

Linear programming – Basic Concepts and notation –Linear programming formulation – Solution through graphic methods, Simplex Method (Simple problem)

OUTCOME

The course helped the students to understand important quantitative techniques and their applications in solving business problems.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Quantitative Technique -C.R.Kothari
- 2. Statistical Methods-S.C.Gupta
- 3. Statistical Methods -S.P.Gupta
- 4. Advanced Statistics D.L.Enclave

SEMESTER-II

PRIST UNIVERSITY, THANJAVUR M.COM COURSE TITLE

Total Quality Management

AIM:

Continual improvement of business operations. It strives to ensure all associated employees work toward the common goals of improving product or service quality, as well as improving the procedures that are in place for production.

OBJECTIVES

- 1. To understand the concept of Quality
- 2. To understand the Implication of Quality on Business
- 3. To Implement Quality Implementation Programs
- 4. To have exposure to challenges in Quality Improvement Programs

UNIT- I

Total Quality Management (TQM): Elements – TQM in global perspective – Global bench marking – Business process reengineering – Global standards – ISO 9000 series – Environmental QS 14000- Quality manual – Barriers to TQM.

UNIT-II

Total Quality Management and Leadership: Implementing TQM – Market choices – Meeting customer requirements – Maintaining competitive advantage – Core competence and strategic alliances for ensuring quality – Quality review, recognition and reward – Quality awards: Japanese Deming Award, US Malcolm Baldrige National Quality Award & Indian Golden Peacock National Quality Award.

UNIT-III

Quality Management Tools for Business Applications: Principles and Applications of Quality Function Development – Failure Mode and Effect Analysis – Taguichi Techniques – Seven old QC Tools – Seven New Management Tools – Statistical Quality Control Techniques (only Theory and no Problems) – Mistake Proofing –Benchmarking – 8D Methodology UNIT- IV Quality Imperatives for Business Improvement: Dimensions of Quality - Reliability Prediction Analysis – Total Productive Maintenance – Costs of Quality – Business Process Reengineering – Process Capability Analysis – Quality Assurance and ISO9000 Certification – ISO 9001:2000. 40 UNIT-V

TQM Implementation Strategies: Organizational Structure and Mindset of Individuals – Motivational aspects of TQM – Change Management Strategies – Training for TQM – TQM Road Map – Quality Improvement Index – Six Sigma concept.

Skill development

OUTCOMES:

- 4. To realize the importance of significance of quality
- 5. Manage quality improvement teams
- 6. Identify requirements of quality improvement programs

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- $1. \ Total \ Quality \ Management Dale \ H. Besterfield \ et \ al \ \ Pearson \ Education.$
- 2. Quality Control and Total Quality Management P.L. Jain Tata McGraw Hill.
- 3. Total Quality Management Poornima M.Charantimath Pearson Educatio

SEMESTER-II

PRIST UNIVERSITY, THANJAVUR M.COM

COURSE TITLE

Advanced Management Accounting

AIM

To enable the management to perform its managerial functions more effectively and efficiently.

OBJECTIVES

I. To gain expert knowledge in respect of management accounting.

II. To have sufficient information for taking vital managerial decisions.

III. To help the management in planning, coordination, communicating and controlling.

UNIT – I

Nature and scope of Management Accounting- Objectives and Functions- Distinction between Financial Accounting and Management Accounting – Tools and Techniques of Management Accounting – Merits / Uses of Management Accounting – Limitations –Functions of Management Accounting.

UNIT – II

Financial Statement Analysis – Ratio analysis – Revenue Statement and Financial Statement analysis - Preparation of Fund flow statement and Cash flow statement.

UNIT – III

Working Capital management: Meaning and Importance and Advantages- Factors determining the working capital requirement – Estimates of working capital requirement – Financing of working capital – New trends in Financing of working capital by Bank.

Employability

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{IV}$

Marginal costing and differential cost analysis–Managerial applications of Marginal costing- Decisions involving alternative choices.

UNIT – V

Capital budgeting – Importance of capital budgeting- Factors influencing capital expenditure decisions – Different methods of Capital budgeting.

OUTCOME

The courses guided the students in taking vital managerial decisions by using the available tools to the maximum efficiency of the business.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. T.S.Raddy & Dr. Hari Prasad Reddy Management Accounting
- 2. Sharma & Gupta Management Accounting
- 3. S.N.Maheswari Management Accounting
- 4. Khan & Jain Management Accounting
- 5. R.Ramachandran & R. Srinivasan Management Accounting

SEMESTER-II

PRIST UNIVERSITY, THANJAVUR M.COM COURSE TITLE Security Analysis and Portfolio Management

AIM

It aims at providing an in-depth knowledge of the theory and practice of portfolio management. Important theories, techniques, regulations and certain advancements in theory of investment will be covered with an aim of helping the participants make sound investment decisions in the context of portfolio investment

OBJECTIVES

- I. Understand the various alternatives available for investment.
- II. Learn to measure risk and return. Find the relationship between risk and return. Value the equities and bonds.

III. Gain knowledge of the various strategies followed by investment practitioners.

UNIT-I

Investment –Meaning- Nature and Scope – objectives – Speculation – Gambling – investment process – Financial System in India – Risk & Return – Measurement of Risk & Return - Nature-scope-Elements of Investment - Approaches to investment analysis - Securities - types - Features.

UNIT II

Investment alternatives and strategies: Financial investment - Non financial investment - Inbound and outbound investments – Sources of Investment Information - valuation of fixed income securities and variable income securities (excluding Derivatives).

UNIT III

Fundamental Analysis: Economic – Industry and company analysis – Sources of information for analysis

Employability

UNIT IV

Technical Analysis – Types of charts – Dow Theory, Elliott wave theory, Odd-lot Theory, Breadth of Market, Relative Strength Analysis – Moving Average analysis - Efficient Market Hypothesis. UNIT V

Portfolio analysis & Management: Portfolio risk and return – Diversification - Markowitz model - Sharpe model: Single index model - CAPM - Arbitrage pricing theory.

OUTCOME

The course helped the students to developing an understanding of the changing domestic and global investment scenario in general and Indian capital market in particular with reference to availability of various financial products and operations of stock exchanges

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Security Analysis and Portfolio Management : S.Kevin, PHI Learning Pvt Ltd, New Delhi. 2. Security Analysis and Portfolio Management : V.A.Avadhani, Himalaya Publishing House, Mumbai.
- 2. Security Analysis and Portfolio Management : Punithavathy Pandian, Vikas Publishing House Pvt Ltd, New Delhi.
- 3. Investment Management : L. Natarajan, Margham Publiction, Chennai.
- 4. Investment Management : Bhalla, Tuteja, S.Chand & Sons Publisher, New Delhi.

SEMESTER-II

PRIST UNIVERSITY, THANJAVUR M.COM **COURSE TITLE**

Elective- II – A- Corporate Legal Frame Work

AIM

To understand the fundamental principles of legal and regulatory framework of corporate business.

OBJECTIVES

- To familiarize the students to understand the provisions of corporate laws. I.
- II. To Study the problems involving issues in corporate laws.

III. To know the implications of other relevant laws in the corporate management.

UNIT – I

Company; Definition – kinds of companies – Lifting of corporate veil – Pre-Incorporation - Memorandum of Association - Incorporation of a company - Legal Position of a Promoters. UNIT – II

Membership of companies – Definition – Meeting of the Board of Directors – Kinds of meeting – Quorum – powers of the Chairman – Duties of the chairman – Minutes of meeting. UNIT – III

Environmental legislation - legal and regulatory frame work – Procedures for obtaining various Environment clearances - functions of Environment Tribunal - Environment Authority -Environment Audit.

Skill develpoment

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{IV}$

Consumer Protection Act - Genesis of the law - Objects of consumer protection -Definition – Rights of consumer protection Act - Nature and Scope of Remedies – Indemnity and Guarantee – Bailment and pledge.

UNIT - V

Insurance Act, 1938 – Insurance Regulatory & Development Act, 1999 – Insurance sector Reforms - IRDA (Investment) Regulations 2000 - IRDA Guidelines for Insurance Brokers Securities and Exchange Board of India SEBI Act, 1992 - SEBI Guidelines.

OUTCOME

The students are now familiarized with the principles of legal and regulatory frame work of corporate business.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. K.C.MISHRA Legal and Regulatory Aspects of Insurance.
- 2. K.C.GARG Company Law.
- 3. N.D.KAPOOR Elements of mercantile laws.
- 4. N.D.KAPOOR Legal and Regulatory frame work of business.
- 5. N.K.SENGUPTA Environment & Management

SEMESTER-II

PRIST UNIVERSITY, THANJAVUR M.COM

COURSE TITLE

Elective - II-B- Retail Management

Elective – II-B- Retail Management

AIM:

To familiarize students with the decisions involved in running a retail firm and the concepts and principles for making those decisions.

OBJECTIVES

- 1. To familiarize students with the decisions involved in running a retail firm and the concepts and principles for making those decisions.
- 2. To introduce the Scope and significance of Retail industry, Trends and Challenges.
- 3. To comprehend knowledge on all areas of Retail business operations.

UNIT I:

Introduction to Retailing: Concept of retailing, Functions of retailing, Terms & Definition, Retail formats and types, Retailing Channels, Retail Industry in India, Importance of retailing, changing trends in retailing.

UNIT II: Understanding the Retail Consumer: Retail consumer behavior, Factors influencing the Retail consumer, Customer decision making process, Types of decision making, Market research for understanding retail consume

UNIT III: Retail Market Segmentation and Strategies: Market Segmentation and its benefits,

Kinds of markets, Definition of Retail strategy, Strategy for effective market segmentation,

Strategies for penetration of new markets, Growth strategies, Retail value chain. Skill development

UNIT IV: Retail Location Selection: Importance of Retail locations, Types of retail locations, Factors determining the location decision, Steps involved in choosing a retail locations, Measurement of success of location

UNIT V: Merchandise Management: Meaning of Merchandising, Factors influencing Merchandising, Functions of Merchandising Manager, Merchandise planning, Merchandise buying,

Analyzing Merchandise performance **OUTCOMES:**

Upon completion of this course, it will enable students to develop decision making skills related to retailing,

define retailing, understand what marketing means to business executives and academics,

understand the ways that retailers use marketing tools and techniques to interact with their customers. **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Retail Management, Michael Levy & Barton A Weitz, Tata McGraw Hill
- 2. Retailing Management, Gibson C Vedamani, Jaico Publishing House, Mumbai
- 3. Retail Strategies- understanding why we shop, Jim, Jaico Publishing House, Mumbai
- 4. Retail Management, Dunne Lusch, South Western Cengage Learning

SEMESTER-II

PRIST UNIVERSITY, THANJAVUR M.COM

Γ	COURSE TITLE	L	Т	С
	Research Methodology	4	0	3

AIM

To give an exposure to development of research questions and the various statistical methods suitable to address them through available literature, with basic computational operators.

OBJECTIVES

I. To understand the approaches towards and consumers in good research.

II. To identify various statistical tools used in research methodology

III. To appreciate and compose the manuscript for publication

UNIT – I

INTRODUCTION: Research – Importance and its types – research approaches – process – problem formulation – development of Hypothesis – Research design – Determining the sample design – Collecting data – Analysis of data – Identifying research problem. **UNIT – II**

MEASUREMENT AND ITS TECHNIQUES : Measurement in research and its problems – meaning of scaling – Tests of sound measurement – Types of scaling – Techniques of measurements – Attitude scales – Summed rating scale – Equal appearing Interview scale – Cumulative scale – Rating scale – Scale constructing Techniques – Time series analysis – Projection Techniques.

UNIT – III

DATA COLLECTION AND HYPOTHESIS: Classification of data – Sources of data – Collection of primary and secondary data – Questionnaire method – Guidelines for Questionnaire design – Interview technique – Observation Techniques – Processing of Data – Editing – Coding – Tabulation – Interpretation of data – Formulation of Hypothesis – Test of Hypothesis. Skill development

$\mathbf{UNIT}-\mathbf{IV}$

STATISTICAL TECHNIQUES: Statistical Techniques – Quantitative and qualitative techniques – Measures of central Tendency – Arithmetic mean , Median and Mode – Standard deviation – Karl pearson's coefficient of correlation – Regression – Chi Square test – Conditions for applying chi-square test – ANOVA – Spearman's Rank Correlation.

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{V}$

INTERPRETATION AND REPORT WRITING : Interpretation – Techniques of Interpretation – Significance of Report Writing – Different steps in Writing report – Layout of research report – types – oral presentation – mechanics of writing a research report – precautions for writing research reports – Role of computers in Research.

OUTCOME

Ability to develop research questions and the various research strategies, and compile research results in terms of journal manuscripts.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Business Research Methods Dr. T.N. Srivastava and Mrs. Shailaja Rego
- 2. Business Research methods Alan Bryman and Emmabell
- 3. Research Methodology R. Panneer Selvam
- 4. Research Methods Indian Donald H. Mcburney and Theresa

SEMESTER-III

PRIST UNIVERSITY, THANJAVUR M.COM

COURSE TITLE

Project Planning and Control

AIM

To understand the issues relating to project management and control.

OBJECTIVES

- I. To know the infrastructure for projects and project financing.
- II. To conduct project appraisal.
- III. To understand the purposes of a project report.
- **IV.** To highlight the role of the exiting project administrative setup.

UNIT – I

Meaning and Definition of project – project management- an over view – The project Identification – Formulation of projects – project planning – stages of Life cycle of a project – system approach of a project.

 $\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{II}$

Pre feasibility and post conception studies – project feasibility studies and considerations – Detailed project Report as submitted to the financial Institutions.

UNIT – III

Project appraisal – various methods of appraising a project, Financial appraisal – Technical appraisal – socio economic appraisal – Managerial appraisal.

Employability

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{IV}$

Project financing – sources and patterns of finance – public sector financing – Role of Tax planning in project.

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{V}$

Project cost estimation and control – Role of the cost accountant in project management – Role and Leadership of the project managers – Structure and Team Building of project organization – Best practices.

OUTCOME

The course helped the students to learn the issues relating to project management and control.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Dr. P.C. K. Rao project management and control. Sultan Chand & Sons
- 2. B.M. Patel project management Vikas
- 3. Rajdeep Roy Entrepreneurship
- 4. Dr.Radha Entrepreneurial Development Prsana Publication

SEMESTER-III

PRIST UNIVERSITY, THANJAVUR M.COM

COURSE TITLE

Advanced Corporate Accounting

AIM

To gain comprehensive understanding of all aspects relating to Advanced corporate accounting.

OBJECTIVES

- I. To know the importance of Human Resources accounting, inflation accounting and Government accounting in corporate businesses.
- II. To learn the holding, banking and Insurance companies accounting in new formats.
- III. To practice public utilities accounting.

UNIT – I

<u>Self study unit:</u> Human Resource Accounting – Inflation Accounting – Government Accounting.

UNIT – II

Holding companies accounting - consolidated Balance sheet of holding companies

$\mathbf{UNIT}-\mathbf{III}$

Bank Accounts (New Format) – profit and Loss account – Balance sheet as per the Guidelines of RBI – classification of advances- Provision for advances.

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{IV}$

Insurance companies Accounts – New Format- Life Insurance Revenue accounts with schedules surplus and valuation balance sheet – Fire and Marine Revenue accounts with schedules.

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{V}$

Double Accounts system (or) Accounts of Electricity companies and public utilities. Employability

OUTCOME

The course helped the students to gain expert knowledge in Advanced Corporate Accounting.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. T.S. Reddy & Dr.A. Murthy. Corporate Accounting
- 2. S.P. Jain& K.L. Narang Advanced Accounting.
- 3. R.Ramachandran and R. Srinivasan Corporate Accounting.
- 4. M.C. Shukla and T.S. Grewal Advanced Accounts.
- 5. S.P.Iyengar Advanced Accountancy Vol. II.

SEMESTER-III

PRIST UNIVERSITY, THANJAVUR M.COM

COURSE TITLE Investment Management

AIM

To familiarize with the functioning of the Investment Management Systems.

OBJECTIVES

I. To understand the basic principles and practice of investment management.

II. To learn about portfolio construction and portfolio management.

III. To know the role of SEBI in regulating securities market.

UNIT – I

Nature and Scope of Investment Management: Definitions of Investment- Classification of Investment- Investment and Speculation-Popularity of Investments- Alternative Investment – Investments in Gold, Real Estate, Deposits, Mutual Funds, Government Securities-Promissory Notes- shares and debentures .

$\mathbf{UNIT}-\mathbf{II}$

Approaches to security analysis –Fundamental analysis –Economic analysis –savings and Investment - Inflation – Technological Development, Infrastructural factors-Political stability – Analysis of Financial statements by important ratios from the Investment Point of view.

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{III}$

Portfolio Construction –Objectives –Risk Return analysis –Methods of Diversification – Portfolio Revision –Techniques – problems- Approaches in portfolio construction – Traditional approach and Markowitch efficient frontier approach.

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{IV}$

Portfolio Management, Meaning and Definition – Contributing factors –Principles of Portfolio Management – The role of Portfolio managers in portfolio management. UNIT - V

The Securities and Exchange Board of India (SEBI) constitution - Objectives –Functions –Powers Organization and Management –Depts of SEBI –SEBI guidelines - permissible securities – Nature of clients – Issue of capital Listing and trading.

Employability

OUTCOME

Students are now aware of the scope of Investment Management and the role of SEBI in regulating securities market.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. V.k.Bhalla Investment Management and Portfolio Management
- 2. Gordon , J. Alexander , William , F.Sharpe , Seffery V.Baliey Fundamentals of Investments
- 3. Prasana Chandra Security Analysis and Portfolio Management
- 4. Avathani V.A Investment and Securities Management in India
- 5. Gupta L.C Return of Euquties The Indian experience.
- 6. Dr.L.Natarajan Investment Management.

SEMESTER-III

PRIST UNIVERSITY, THANJAVUR M.COM

COURSE TITLE

Elective- III – A- Indian Financial System

AIM

To familiarize with the overall functioning of Indian Financial system.

OBJECTIVES

- I. To gain knowledge on financial and capital market
- II. To understand the importance of primary and secondary markets of shares and securities
- III. To know the functioning of various financial institutional in India

UNIT – I

Indian Financial System – Financial Markets participants and instruments – Money market – Commercial banks – Call money markets – Treasury Bill Market – commercial Bills market and Bill Rediscounting scheme(BRs) – Certificate of Deposits (CDs) and Commercial papers (Cps)

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{II}$

New issues markets – Function and issue mechanism – New issue markets – Operations – Reforms and investor Protection

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{III}$

Stock Exchange – Operations – Reforms in secondary market and investor protection – over the counter exchange of India- Depositories

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{IV}$

Export Import Bank of India – Unit Trust of India – Mutual funds in India – Insurance companies – venture capital funds in India – Seed Capital

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{V}$

National Housing Bank – National Bank for Agriculture and Rural development – Non – Banking companies – Factoring companies – Securitization and Assets Reconstruction companies.

Employability

OUTCOME

The Course helped the students to understand the overall functioning of Indian financial

system.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. P.N. Varshney & D.K. Mittal - sultan chand & sons, Indian Financial System

2. H.R. Machiraju – Indian Financial System

3. Gordon, Natrajan - Financial Market & Services

- 4. Dr. S. Gurusamy Financial services & Market
- 5. B.Santhanan Financial Services.

SEMESTER-III

PRIST UNIVERSITY, THANJAVUR M.COM

COURSE TITLE

Elective - III – B International Marketing

AIM

It deals With Why, When, What, Where, and How of global Marketing? **OBJECTIVES**

- I. To know all data developments and policies for International marketing.
- II. To study the role of global marketing mix.
- III. To identify global marketing issues.

UNIT – I

Framework of International Marketing – Basis of International Trade – Recent Trends in world Trade – Foreign Trade and economic growth – Trends in India's foreign Trade – Institutions Infrastructure for Export promotion in India – Indian Trade policy – Export Assistance.

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{II}$

Indentifying Foreign Markets – Product planning for export – Pricing for exports market entry and overseas distribution system – distribution Logistics for exports promoting products internationally – Overseas market Research – Marketing plan for export.

UNIT – III

New Techniques in International marketing Terms of payments and export finance – Management of risks in International marketing – Global marketing of services – Multinational and their role in Internal marketing state Trading in India.

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{IV}$

Legal Dimensions of International Marketing – Export Documents and procedure – Outward FDI flow India and Indian multinationals.

UNIT - V

Issues relating to Globalization – Major Drivers – Status and implications of Globalization - Globalization and Indian economy – Global financial Institutions and Indian economy.

Employability

OUTCOME

The course helped the students to learn the importance of International Marketing and the role of exporting assisting Institutions.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Dr.R.L.Varshney and B.Bhattacharya International Marketing Management.
- 2. P.Subbo Rao International Business.
- 3. Rathor B.S. and Rathor J.S. Export Marketing.
- 4. Balagopal T.A.S. Export Marketing.
- 5. Francis Cherunilam International Trade and Export Management
- 6. Dr.D.C.Kappor Export Management

SEMESTER - III

PRIST UNIVERSITY, THANJAVUR M.COM

Course Title

Open Elective -Writing for the Media

Open Elective -Writing for the Media

Aim:

• To equip students to enter into the realm of mass media.

Objectives:

• To help students to understand the intricacies of mass media

- To know about the barriers to mass communication
- To understand the function of mass media
- To learn the different kinds of news
- To enhance the different kinds of writing for media

Outcome:

• Understand the intricacies of mass media

UNIT-I

Mass communication- Barriers to mass communication and mass culture- Function of mass media - Media effects, Qualities of media men.

UNIT-II

News- Hard and soft news- Expected and unexpected news- Box news- Follow up news-Scoop-Filters- Human interest stories- Recognizing and evaluating news.

UNIT-III

News and views- News analysis, Editorial, Columns, Article, Middle reviews, Letters-Features. Skill development

UNIT-IV

Reporting- Crime, Court, Election, Legislature, Sports, Development Investigative, Interpretative depth.

UNIT-V

Writing for Media-Inverted pyramid style-Feature style-TV/Broadcast, New style writing TV/Radio Documentaries- Writing Advertisements-Practical

References-

Journalism	-Susan
Professional Journalism	-John Hogenl
News Writing and Reporting	-M.James Ne
Professional Journalism	-M.V Komat
The Journalist's Handbook	-M.V Komat
Mass Communication & Journalism	-D.S Mehta,

John Hogenberg M.James Neal (Surjeet Publication) M.V Komath ·M.V Komath ·D.S Mehta,

SEMESTER-III

PRIST UNIVERSITY, THANJAVUR M.COM Course Title

Open Elective - Applicable Mathematical Techniques

Open Elective - Applicable Mathematical Techniques

Objectives:

• To understand the basic concept of Interpolation.

• To enhance the knowledge about Assignment Problems, Replacement Problems, Decision Analysis and Game Theory.

Outcomes:

- Students using OR techniques in business tools for decision making
- Students develop Assignment problem and Replacement problems
- Understand the concept of decision analysis and game theory
- Students gets the knowledge about interpolation

Unit I Interpolation with unequal intervals: Newton's, Lagrage's, and inverse interpolation

Unit II Assignment Problems

Unit III Replacement Problems

Skill development

Unit IV Decision Analysis

Unit V Game Theory

References

Unit I, "Numerical Methods in Science and Engineering" M.K.Venkatraman Units II to V, "Operations Research", Kantiswarup, P.K. Gupta and Manmohan

SEMESTER-III

PRIST UNIVERSITY, THANJAVUR M.COM

BIOMEDICAL INSTRUMENTATION

Aim:

• To understand the concepts and application of electronic Instrumentation in the Medical field.

Objective:

The students will be able to

- Interpret technical aspects of medicine
- Solve Engineering Problems related to medical field
- Understand medical diagnosis and therap

UNIT - I: BIO ELECTRIC SINGNALS AND ELECTRODES

Fundamentals of medical instrumentation – Sources of biomedical signals – basic medical instrumentation – Intelligent medical instrumentation system – Origin of Bio electric signals – Recording Electrodes – Silver – Silver chloride electrodes – Electrodes for ECG – Electrodes for EEG – Electrodes for EMG.

UNIT – II: RECORDING SYSTEM AND RECORDERS

Basic recording system – General consideration for signal conditions – Preamplifiers – Biomedical signal analysis technique – main amplifier and driver stage – Writing systems – direct writingrecorders – the ink jet recorders – Electrocardiograph, Electroencephalograph – Electromyography and other Biomedical recorders.

UNIT - III: MEASUREMENT AND ANALYSIS TECHNIQUES

Electro cardiography – measurements of Blood pressure - measurements of Blood flow and cardiac output, Respiratory therapy Equipment – Origin of EEG – Action Potentials of the brain – evoked potentials – Placement of electrodes – Recording set up – Analysis of EEG.

Skill development

UNIT - IV: MAGNETIC RESONANCE AND ULTRASONIC IMAGILG SYSTEMS

Principles of NMR Imaging system – Image reconstruction Techniques – Basic NMR components – Biological efforts of NMR Imaging – Advantages of NMR Imaging System – Diagnostic ultra Sound – Physics of ultrasonic waves – metical ultra sound – basic pulse – echo apparatus, A – Scan – echocardiograph(M mode).

UNIT - V: ADVANCED BIO MEDICAL SYSTEMS

Pacemakers – Need for Cardiac pacemaker – External Pace makes – Implantable Pace makers – recent development in Implantable Pacemakers – Pacing system Analyzer – Defibrillator – Pacer – Cardioverter – Physiotherapy and electro therapy equipment – High frequency heat therapy – short wave diathermy – microwave and ultrasonic therapy – pain relief through electrical simulation.

OUTCOMES:

- To Familiarize students with various medical equipments and their technical aspects
- To introduce students to the measurements involved in some medical equipment.
- Ability to understand diagnosis and therapy related equipments
- Understanding the problem and ability to identify the necessity of an equipment to a specific problem

Books for Study

- 1. R.S Khandpur, Handbook of Biomedical instrumentation, Tata McGraw Hill publishing company Limited. New Delhi,(2003). (Unit I,II,IV & V)
- 2. Lestlie Cromwell, Fred J. Weibell, Erich A. Pfeiffer, Bio medical instrumentation and measurements, PHI, New Delhi.(Unit-III)

Book for Reference

1. M.Arumugam, Biomedical Instrumentation, Anuradha Agencies, Kumbakonam (2000).

SEMESTER-III

PRIST UNIVERSITY, THANJAVUR M.COM

Course Title Open Elective - GREEN CHEMISTRY

Objectives: To learn about the environmental status, public awareness in evolution, principles involved in green chemistry, bio-catalytic reactions, global warming and its control measures, availability of green analytical methods.

Unit I - Introduction

Introduction-Current status of chemistry and the Environment-Evolution of the Environmental movement: Public awareness - Dilution is the solution to pollutionPollution prevention.

Unit II - Principles

Green Chemistry – Definition – Principles of Green Chemistry - Why is this new area of Chemistry getting to much attention - Why should chemist pursue the Goals of Green Chemistry - The roots of innovation – Limitations.

Unit III - Bio Catalytic Reactions

Green Chemistry Using Bio Catalytic Reactions – Introduction - Fermentation and Bio transformations - Production of Bulk and fine chemicals by microbial fermentationAntibiotics – Vitamins - Bio catalyses synthesis of industrial chemicals by bacterial constructs - Future Tends.

Skill development

Unit IV - Green House Effect

Green house effect and Global Warming – Introduction - How the green house effect is produced - Major sources of green house gases - Emissions of CO2 - Impact of green house effect on global climate - Control and remedial measures of green house effect - Global warming a serious threat - Important points.

Unit V - Green Analytical Methods

Future trends in Green Chemistry - Green analytical methods, Redox reagents, Green catalysts; Green nano-synthesis, Green polymer chemistry, Exploring nature, Biomimetic, Proliferation of solvent-less reactions; Non-covalent derivatization, Biomass conversion, emission control

Outcomes:

- To understand the environmental status and evolution.
- To know about the Pollution and its prevention measures.
- To familiarize the green chemistry.
- To learn about the bio-catalytic reactions.

• To understand about the vitamins and antiobiotics.

References:

- 1. Introduction to Green Chemistry M.Rayan and M.Tinnesand
- 2. New Trends in Green Chemistry V.K.Ahluwalia and M.Kidwai

SEMESTER-III

PRIST UNIVERSITY, THANJAVUR M.COM

Course Title

Open Elective -Internet And Web Design

AIM

To equip the students with basic programming skill in Web Designing

OBJECTIVE

- To understand the concepts and architecture of the Worldwide Web.
- To understand and practice mark up languages
- To learn Style Sheet and Frames

UNIT I

Introduction to the Internet – Internet Technologies – Internet browsers.

UNIT II

Introduction to HTML – Head and body sections – Designing the body section.

UNIT III

Ordered and unordered lists – Table handling.

Skill development

UNIT IV

DHTML and Style Sheet – Frames.

UNIT V

A web page design project – Forms.

OUTCOMES:

- Acquire knowledge about functionalities of world wide web
- Explore markup languages features and create interactive web pages using them
- Learn and design Client side validation using scripting languages
- Acquire knowledge about Open source JavaScript libraries
- Able to design front end web page and connect to the back end databases.

REFERENCE BOOK

1.World Wide Web design with HTML – C. Xavier – Tata McGraw – Hill – 2000. 2.Principles of web design – Joel Sklar – Vikas publishing house 2001.

PRIST UNIVERSITY, THANJAVUR M.COM Course Title

Open Elective-Counseling Psychology

Open Elective- Counseling Psychology

UNIT I

Definition of Counseling Counseling As a Solution To Human Problems Counseling-Expectations & Goals

UNIT II

Personality Determinates Intellectual Determinates, Emotional Determinates Social Determinates

UNIT III

Approaches To Counseling Counseling Process

UNIT IV

Psychological Testing Diagnosis

UNIT V

Educational Counseling Family Counseling

References Book:

1. Hanson, J.C. Stevic, R.R., Warner, R.W., Jr. Counseling Theory & Process (2nd Edition) Boston

2. Hurlock Elizabeth B.(2007), Human Development, New York, Grawhill Book Company 3. John W, Santrock (1999), Life Span Development, 7th Edition, New Delhi; Mcgrowhill Company

4.blum And Bolimsky, B. Counselling & Psychology; Bomboy; Asia Publishing House, 1961
5. Bordin, E.S. Psychology Of Counselling New York; Application Century Crafts, 1968
6. Lewis E. C., The Psychology Of Counselling New York Holt, Rinchart And Winston Inc. 1970

PRIST UNIVERSITY, THANJAVUR M.COM

COURSE TITLE

Income Tax Law and Tax Planning

AIM

To gain knowledge of the basic principles underlying the substantive provisions of the Income Tax Law and their applications.

OBJECTIVES

- I. To compute Income of an Individual under various Heads of Income.
- II. To learn the provisions relating to Tax exemptions and Tax deductions.
- III. To gain knowledge on Tax Planning.

UNIT – I

Direct and Indirect Taxes in India –Charge of Income Tax –Computation of total income and tax Liability – Income as per Sec2 (24) –Assessment year – Previous year – Residential Status and Incidence of Tax – Basis of charge- Exemptions Income under Sec 10,11,12,13 and 13A. **UNIT – II**

Income under the Head Salaries –Definition of the Head 'Salaries' – Features of salary-Receipts included under Salaries –Different forms of Salaries –Computation of Taxable salaries – Allowances – Different types- Perquisites – Different types – Valuation of perks Different types of Provident Funds –Tax Planning –Deductions under Sec 80C.

UNIT – III

Income under the Head House Property – charge on Annual Value –Exempted Incomes of House Property- Computation of Income from House Property – Let out House- Annual Value-Gross Annual Value- Gross Annual Value of self occupied house property- Deductions allowed – Tax Planning –Interest on Housing Loan maximum limit.

Employability

UNIT - IV

Incomes under the Head Profits and Gains of Business or Profession –Meaning of Business and Profession –Business Income and Professional Income- Computation of Profits and Gains of business or Professions –Admissible and Inadmissible deductions – Exemptions for Tax Planning . **UNIT – V**

Income under Capital Gains – Capital Assets- Exempted Assets-Transfer of Assets- Short term and Long term Capital Gains- Application of Cost Inflation Index – Exempted Capital Gains- Taxable Capital Gains- Tax Planning in Capital Gaining –Income from Other Sources –Taxable Income from Other Sources- General Income and Specific Income- causal Income – Deductions – Tax Planning. **OUTCOME**

The course helped the students to know how to compute Income of an individual under various heads and to reduce the tax burden through ideal tax planning schemes.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Income Tax Act, 1961 as amended up to late.
- 2. Dr.Vinod K.Singhania Students Guide to Income Tax
- 3. T.S.Reddy & Y.Hari Prasad Reddy –Income Tax Law and Practice
- 4. T.N.Manoharan Students, Hand Book on Income Tax Law.

PRIST UNIVERSITY, THANJAVUR M.COM COURSE TITLE International Business

AIM

To understand the importance of the Global Business and the functions of multinational corporations.

OBJECTIVES

- I. To learn latest available information and data on International Business.
- II. To explain the various methods of entry to foreign market.
- III. To study the role of multinational corporation in the Global context.

UNIT – I

International Business: An overview – Evolution of International business – Drivers of Globalization – Influences of International business – Stages of Internationalization – Differences between domestic business and International business – International business Approaches – Modes of entry – Goals of International business – Advantages of International business – Problems of International business.

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{II}$

International Business Environment: Introduction – Social and cultural environment – Technological environment – Economic environment – Political environment – Legal environment.

UNIT – III

Modes of Entering International Business: Introduction – Modes of entry – Exporting , Licensing , Franchising , Contract manufacturing , Management contracts , turnkey projects, foreign direct investment , Joint ventures – comparison of Different modes of entry – Functional Alliances – managing conflict situations – Break – Up of – Alliances.

Employability

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{IV}$

Foreign Direct Investment: Meaning – International Investment Theories – Factors Influencing FDI – Reasons for FDI – costs and benefits of FDI – Trends in FDI – Foreign Direct Investment in India.

$\mathbf{UNIT} - \mathbf{V}$

 $\label{eq:multiplication} \begin{array}{l} \textbf{Multinational Corporations: Definitions and concepts} - Factors that contributed for the growth of MNCs - Advantages and Disadvantages - control over MNCs - Organizational structure of MNCs - Relationship between headquarters and subsidiaries - MNCs in India - The Indianisation of Transnationals. . \end{array}$

OUTCOME

The course helped the students to learn the importance of Global Business and the functioning of Multinational Corporation.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. Francis Cherunilam International Business Text and Cases
- 2. Dr.R.L. Varshney & Bhattacharya International Marketing Management
- 3. P.Subba Rao International Business.

PRIST UNIVERSITY, THANJAVUR M.COM

COURSE TITLE	
Co-operation in India and Abroad	

AIM

To understand the basic principles of co-operation and their applications in India and Abroad.

OBJECTIVES

I. To study the functioning various co-operative organization in India.

II. To gain knowledge about co-operative movement in foreign countries.

UNIT – I

Meaning and Definitions of Co-operation – reformulated principles of ICA- Co-operative as a Via – Media between capitalism and Communism –Evolution of Co-operative thought –Co-operative thought of Raiffeisen, Robert Owen-Rochdale Pioneers.

UNIT – II

Evolution of Co-operative movement in India –Pre-independence –Post independence- Cooperation during five year plans. Co-operative Agricultural Credit –Short term credit structure – Primary Agricultural Co-operative banks- Central Co-operative Banks –State Co- operative Bank.

UNIT – III

Long –term credit structure –Working of Primary and State Co-operative Agricultural and Rural Development Bank –NABARD and NCDC- Non-Agricultural credit –Urban Banks – Employees credit societies –Housing Co-operatives.

Employability

$\mathbf{UNIT}-\mathbf{IV}$

Objects –working and problems of marketing co-operatives- Consumer Co-operatives, Industrial Co-operatives-Co-operative farming and milk-Co-operatives –State aid and Co-operative education and training –State Co-operative Union and National Co-operative Union. . **UNIT – V**

Co-operative Movement in Foreign Countries: England, Germany, Denmark and Japan, Impact of Globalization on Co-operatives.

OUTCOME

The course helped the students to learn the basic principles of co-operation and their applications in India and Abroad.

REFERENCE BOOKS

- 1. B.S.Mathur Co-operation in India
- 2. Hajeela Co-operation in India and Abroad
- 3. Tamilnadu Journal of Co-operation

SEMESTER-IV

PRIST UNIVERSITY, THANJAVUR M.COM

COURSE TITLE Elective- IV – A- Information Technology and Computer Applications

AIM:

To develop understanding and appreciation of broad nature of application of Information Technology.

OBJECTIVES:

I. To know Hardware and Software in Computer system.

II. To study web Technology, information system including Net working.

III. To familiarize with Accounting Packages and Computer Assisted Audit Technology

UNIT-I

Hardware –Types of Computers –Mainframes –Mini Computers, Micro Computers, advantages and limitations –Anatomy Computer-Functions and components of computer. Software: System Software –Application Software –Other expert specialized systems.(decision support, artificial intelligence systems etc.)

UNIT-II

Web Technology and Information System: Introduction –Definition of Information System – Decision –making and decision levels –Categories of Information systems –Information systems for competitive advantage –Networking –Classification of Networks- Local Area Network – Metropolitan Area Network-Wide Area Network-Network Topologies –Data Transmission Modes – internet and World Wide Web –Working of W.W.W –TCP/IP – Intranet –Extranet –OSI Models – Technological Infrastructure of Internet.

UNIT-III

Office Productivity Tools: Word Processing –Electronic Spreadsheets –Business Project management and Presentation tools.

UNIT-IV

Computer Assisted Audit Techniques (CAAT): Introduction to CAAT and usage in accounting / Audit.

UNIT-V

Mobile Commerce: Introduction –Factors that Drive M-Commerce –Differences between E-Commerce and M-Commerce –Growth of M-Commerce in India –Advantages of Mobile Commerce –Technology behind Mobile Commerce –Application of M-Commerce –Types of Mobile Payment – Future of Mobile Commerce

OUTCOME:

Skill development

The course helped the students to understand the broad nature of application of Information Technology.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

• Dr.K.Abirami Devi Dr.M.Alagammai –E-Commerce, Margham Publications

- IT Essentials PC Hardware and Software Labs and Study Guide", Third Edition Patrick Regan Cisco Press Pearson Education (Chapters 1-9, 11-16)
- Dr.P.Rizwan Ahamed- Computer Application in Business with Tally ERP9- Margham Publications.
- S.Aruna jatesan Technology in Business.

PRIST UNIVERSITY, THANJAVUR M.COM COURSE TITLE

IV-B- International Financial Management

AIM:

To learn the finance function in the international context.

OBJECTIVES:

- I. To understand the international monetary system
- II. To study foreign exchange management in India.
- III. To know the working capital management in a multinational context.

UNIT-I

The finance function in the international context – The Balance of Payments – International monetary system –Functions of financial management –Challenges of international financial management.

UNIT-II

The foreign exchange market structure and the participants-Types of transactions-Meaning of Currency-Dealing –Exchange rate –Forward rates- Exchange rate computation. **UNIT-III**

Working Capital Management in a multinational Context –Short term Borrowing and Investment – Centralized Vs Decentralized cash management –Cash transactions – Equity Financing in the international markets –Accounts receivable and Inventory management.

Employability

UNIT-IV

Long term borrowing in international capital markets –The major market segment – International leasing –Foreign direct investments by multinationals- Capital Budgeting. UNIT-V

International project appraisal – Review of NPV approach –Adjusted present value- Frame work – Project appraisal in the international context – Exchange rate risk and cost of Capital –Joint ventures.

OUTCOME:

The course helped the students to learn the finance function in the international context.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1. Jaiswal-Doing Business on Internat E-Commerce, Galgotia Publications in New Delhi.
- 2. Ravilalakota & Andrew, B. Whinston, Frontiers of Electronic Commerce, Addition Wesley.
- 3. Dr.R.L. Varshney and Dr.S.Bhashyam- International Financial Management.
- 4. Alan C.Shapire Multinational Financial Management
- 5. Jeff Madura International Financial Management –Southwest Publications.

PRIST UNIVERSITY, THANJAVUR

M.COM

RESEARCH INTEGRATED CURRICULUM

The relationship between teacher and learner is completely different in higher education from what it is in school. At the higher level, the teacher is not there for the sake of the student; both have their justification in the service of scholarship. For the students who are the professionals of the future, developing the ability to investigate problems, make judgments on the basis of sound evidences, take decisions on a rational basis and understand what they are doing and why is vital. Research and inquiry is not just for those who choose to pursue an academic career. It is central to professional life in the twenty-first century.

It is observed that the modern world is characterized by heightened levels of complexity and uncertainty. Fluidity, fuzziness, instability, fragility, unpredictability, indeterminacy, turbulence, and changeability, contestability: these are some of the terms that mark out the world of the twenty-first century. Teaching and research is correlated when they are co-related. Growing out of the research on teaching- research relations, the following framework has been developed and widely adopted to help individual staff; course teams and whole institutions analyze their curricula and consider ways of strengthening students understanding of and through research. Curricula can be:

Research – Led: Learning about current research in the discipline

Here the curriculum focus is to ensure that what students learn clearly reflects current and ongoing research in their discipline. This may include research done by staff teaching them.

Research – Oriented: Developing research skills and techniques

Here the focus is on developing student's knowledge of and ability to carry out the research methodologies and methods appropriate to their discipline(s)

Research – Based: Undertaking research and inquiry

Here the curriculum focus is on ensuring that as much as possible the student learns in research and or inquiry mode (i.e. the students become producers of knowledge not just consumers). The strongest curricula form of this is in those special undergraduate programmes

for selected students, but such research and inquiry may also be mainstreamed for all or many students.

Research- Tutored: engaging in research discussions

Here the focus is on students and staff critically discussing ongoing research in the discipline.

All four ways of engaging students with research and inquiry are valid and valuable and curricula can and should contain elements of them.

Moreover, the student participation in research may be classified as,

Level 1: Prescribed Research

Level 2: Bounded Research

Level 3: Scaffolded Research

Level 4: Self actuated Research

Level 5: Open Research

Taking into consideration the above mentioned facts in respect of integrating research into the M.Com curriculum, the following Research Skill Based Courses are introduced in the curriculum.

Semester	RSB Courses	Credits
I	Research Led Seminar	1
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II	Research Methodology	3
II	Participation in Bounded Research	2
III	Design Project/ Socio Technical Project (Scaffold Research)	4
IV	Project Work	12

Blueprint for assessment of student's performance in Research Led Seminar Course

•	Internal Assessment:	40 Marks		
	• Seminar Report (UG)/Concept Note(PG) : 5 X 4= 20 Marks			
	• Seminar Review Presentation : 10 Marks			
	Literature Survey : 10 Marks	60		
• Semester Examination :				
	Marks			
	(Essay type Questions set by the concerned resource persons)			
Blueprint for assessment of student's performance in Socio Technical Project				
•	Continuous Internal Assessment through Reviews:	40 Marks		
	• Review I : 10 Marks			
	• Review II : 10 Marks			
	• Review III : 20 Marks			
•	Evaluation of Socio Technical Practicum Final Report: Viva- Voce Examination: Total:	40 Marks 20 Marks 100 Marks		
Blueprint for assessment of student's performance in Research Methodology Courses				
Contin	20 Marks			
•	Research Tools(Lab):	10 Marks		
Model	• Tutorial: Paper Writing:	10 Marks 40 Marks		
•	Abstract:	5 Marks		
	Introduction:	10 Marks		
•	Discussion:	10 Marks		
•	Review of Literature:	5 Marks		
•	Presentation:	10 Marks		
Semest	40 Marks			
Total:		100 Marks		

